

Linear Programming

Finite Math

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where a and b are not both zero and the *decision variables* x and y are subject to *constraints* given by linear inequalities.

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where a and b are not both zero and the *decision variables* x and y are subject to *constraints* given by linear inequalities. Additionally, x and y must be nonnegative, i.e., $x \geq 0$ and $y \geq 0$.

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- (B) *If the feasible region is unbounded and the coefficients of the objective function are positive, then the minimum value of the objective function exists, but the maximum value does not.*
- (C) *If the feasible region is empty, then both the maximum value and the minimum value of the objective function do not exist.*

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- 2 *Construct a corner point table listing the value of the objective function at each corner point.*
- 3 *Determine the optimal solution(s) from the table in Step 2 (smallest=minimum, largest=maximum).*
- 4 *For an applied problem, interpret the optimal solution(s) in terms of the original problem.*

Linear Programming Example

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Maximize and minimize $z = 3x + y$ subject to the inequalities

$$2x + y \leq 20$$

$$10x + y \geq 36$$

$$2x + 5y \geq 36$$

$$x, y \geq 0$$